



Special Educational Needs (SEND) Policy

Reviewed: October 2018

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Introduction

Wodensfield Primary School has a named SENCO, Miss H Goldsmith, who has completed the National Award for Special Educational Needs Co-ordination. The named Governor responsible for SEND is Miss K Hill. They ensure that the Wodensfield Special Educational Needs policy works within the guidelines and inclusion policies of the Code of Practice (2014), the Local Education Authority and other policies current within the school.

All children at Wodensfield Primary School, including those with Special Educational Needs, are entitled to a broad and balanced education (as stated in the school's Curriculum Policy). All children are entitled to have access to the National Curriculum (except where exclusion or modification takes place - see "SEND Code of Practice"). The aim of the school's SEN Policy is to provide a framework, ongoing and developing, to facilitate these entitlements. Children with SEND have access to the curriculum by being provided with the appropriate teaching methods and resources. The school adheres to Wolverhampton LA's Policy Statement on Special Educational Needs and takes note of The Education Act, 2011, The SEN Code of Practice 2014, the SEN and Disability Act, 2001, and Removing Barriers to Inclusion (2004) and Children and Families Act 2014.

Wodensfield believes that all children have an equal right to a full and rounded education which will enable them to achieve their full potential. We use our best endeavours to secure special educational provision for pupils for whom this is required, that is 'additional to and different from' that provided within the differentiated curriculum to better respond to the four areas of need identified in the Code of Practice (September 2014).

- ❖ Communication and interaction
- ❖ Cognition and learning
- ❖ Social, mental and emotional health
- ❖ Sensory/physical

What are special educational needs?

A child or young person has special educational needs if he or she has a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. A learning difficulty or disability is a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age. Special educational provision means educational or training provision that is additional to, or different from, that made generally for others of the same age in a mainstream setting in England.... Health care provision or social care provision which educates or trains a child or young person is to be treated as special educational provision.

Code of Practice 2014

We recognise that some children need extra support in order to achieve their potential; at Wodensfield we aim to do this by a number of interventions including small Set 3 classes in Y5 and 6, extra teachers in Y3 and 4, extra support staff in Reception and KS1. The children are taught by specialist teaching staff in groups or 1:1, in order to boost their skill levels and confidence. This SEN policy details how, at Wodensfield, we will do our best to ensure that the necessary provision is made for any pupil who has special educational needs and that those needs are known to all who are likely to work with them. We will ensure that teachers are able to identify and provide for those pupils with special educational needs, allowing them to join in all school activities together with pupils who do not have special educational needs.

Aims and objectives

The aims of this policy are:

- to create an environment that meets the special educational needs of each child in order that they can achieve their learning potential and engage in activities alongside pupils who do not have SEN
- to request, monitor and respond to parents/carers and pupils views in order to evidence high levels of confidence and partnership
- to make clear the expectations of all partners in the process
- to ensure a high level of staff expertise to meet pupil need, through well targeted continuing professional development
- to ensure support for pupils with disability and medical conditions full inclusion in all school activities by ensuring consultation with health and social care professionals
- to identify the roles and responsibilities of all staff in providing for children's special educational needs
- through reasonable adjustments to enable all children to have full access to all elements of the school curriculum
- to work in co-operation and productive partnerships with the Local Education Authority and other outside agencies, to ensure there is a multi-professional approach to meeting the needs of all vulnerable learners

Equal Opportunities and Inclusion

Through all subjects we ensure that the school meets the needs of all, taking account of gender, ethnicity, culture, religion, language, sexual orientation, age, ability, disability and social circumstances. It is important that in this school we meet the diverse needs of pupils to ensure inclusion for all and that all pupils are prepared for full participation in a multi-ethnic society. We also measure and assess the impact regularly through meetings with our SEN coordinator and individual teachers to ensure all children have equal access to succeeding in this subject.

Through appropriate curricular provision, we respect the fact that children:

- have different educational and behavioural needs
- require different strategies for learning
- acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates
- need a range of different teaching approaches and experiences

Teachers respond to children's needs by:

- providing support for children who need help with communication, language and literacy
- planning to develop children's understanding through the use of all available senses and experiences
- planning for children's full participation in learning, and in physical and practical activities

- helping children to manage and own their behaviour and to take part in learning effectively and safely
- helping individuals to manage their emotions, particularly trauma or stress, and to take part in learning

Identification, Assessment and Provision

Provision for children with special educational needs is a matter for the whole school. The governing body, the school's head teacher, the SENCO and all other members of staff, particularly class teachers and teaching assistants, have important day-to-day responsibilities. According to the 2014 act all teachers are teachers of children with special educational needs.

The school will assess each child's current levels of attainment on entry in order to ensure that they build on the patterns of learning and experience already established during the child's pre-school years. If the child already has an identified special educational need, this information may be transferred from other partners in their Early Years setting and the class teacher and SENCO will use this information to:

- Provide starting points for the development of an appropriate curriculum.
- Identify and focus attention on action to support the child within the class.
- Use the assessment processes to identify any learning difficulties.
- Ensure on-going observation and assessments provide regular feedback about the child's achievements and experiences to form the basis for planning the next steps of the child's learning.

The identification and assessment of the special educational needs of children whose first language is not English requires particular care. Where there is uncertainty about a particular child, a teacher will look carefully at all aspects of the child's performance in different subjects to establish whether the problems are due to limitations in their command of English or arises from special educational needs. The Wolverhampton EAL SEN Guidance Pack, 2014 will be used to help assess the child and support requested from this provision. A support programme of Talking Partners will also be put into place within school in order to aid the acquisition of language.

The role of the SENCO and what provision looks like at Wodensfield

The Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator's [SENDCO] responsibilities include:

- Overseeing the day-to-day operation of the school's SEND policy.
- Co-ordinating provision for children with SEND.
- Liaising with and advising fellow teachers and support staff.
- Overseeing the records of all children with SEND.
- To monitor the Provision in school and support the writing of Provision targets.
- Liaising and supporting parents of children with SEND.
- Contributing to the in-service training of staff.
- Liaising with local high schools so that support is provided for Y6 pupils as they prepare to transfer.
- Liaising with external agencies including the LEA's support and educational psychology services, health and social services and voluntary bodies.
- Co-ordinating and developing school based strategies for the identification and review of children with SEND.
- Making regular visits to classrooms to monitor the progress of children on the School Action Register.
- To monitor the effectiveness of intervention programmes.

- To ensure that staff are given the opportunity to attend high quality SEND training and that this training is kept up to date.
- Running EHA and EHC meetings.
- To report to governors on SEND.

Monitoring Children's Progress

The school encourages staff to use formative assessment to draw to the attention of the SENDCO and SLT any concerns regarding individual children regarding SEND. They also have systems for observing and assessing and tracking the progress of individual children. Under these circumstances, teachers may need to consult the SENDCO to consider what else might be done. This review might lead to the conclusion that the pupil requires help over and above that which is normally available within the particular class or subject. The key test of the need for action is that current rates of progress are inadequate or that behaviour is impeding the child's acquisition of knowledge.

Adequate progress can be identified as that which:

- Prevents the attainment gap between the child and his peers from widening.
- Closes the attainment gap between the child and his peers.
- Better the child's previous rate of progress.
- Ensures access to the full curriculum.
- Demonstrates an improvement in self-help, social or personal skills.
- Demonstrates improvements in the child's behaviour.

In order to help children with special educational needs and disability, Wodensfield will adopt a graduated response. This may see us using specialist expertise if as a school we feel that our interventions are still not having an impact on the individual. The school will record the steps taken to meet the needs of individual children through the use of a Provision Map. The class and set teachers will be responsible for writing and reviewing targets set on the Provision Map, they will share these with parents at Parent's Evening each term, they should be available at all times in the class SEND file. The SENDCO will have responsibility for ensuring that records are kept and available when needed. If we refer a child for statutory assessment Education Health and Care Plan (EHC), we will provide the LEA with a record of our work with the child to date and any assessments that have been undertaken.

When any concern is initially noticed, it is the responsibility of the class teacher to take steps to address the issue. Parents will be consulted and specific intervention put in place and monitored. If progress is limited the child, the parents will be invited in and the child may be added to the school SEND register. Children who require more individual support may be added at the higher level of school support and specific targets will be set on the Provision Map. Children whose underlying issue is emotional and behavioural will have a behaviour support plan (BSP) to support them. The class teacher after discussion with the SENDCO will then provide additional interventions that are additional to those provided as part of the school's differentiated curriculum and the child will be given individual learning targets, which will be applied within the classroom. These targets will be monitored by the class teacher and teaching assistants within the class and reviewed formally with the SENDCO, parents and young person.

Reasons for a child being added to the SEN register may include the fact that he/she:

- Makes little or no progress, even when teaching approaches are targeted particularly in a child's identified area of weakness.
- Shows signs of difficulty in developing literacy or mathematics skills which result in poor attainment in some curriculum areas.
- Presents persistent emotional or behavioural difficulties which are not improved by the behaviour management techniques usually employed in the school.
- Has sensory or physical problems, and continues to make little or no progress, despite the provision of specialist equipment.
- Has communication and / or interaction difficulties, and continues to make little or no progress.

Partnership with parents

Partnership plays a key role in enabling children and young people with SEND to achieve their potential. Parents hold key information and have knowledge and experience to contribute to the shared view of a child's needs. All parents of children with special educational needs will be treated as partners given support to play an active and valued role in their child's education. Children and young people with special educational needs often have a unique knowledge of their own needs and their views about what sort of help they would like. They will be encouraged to contribute to the assessment of their needs, the review and transition process. The school website contains our policy for special educational needs. At all stages of the special needs process, the school keeps parents fully informed and involved. We take account of the wishes, feelings and knowledge of parents at all stages. We encourage parents to make an active contribution to their child's education and have regular meetings each term to share the progress of special needs children with their parents. We inform the parents of any outside intervention, and share the process of decision-making by providing clear information relating to the education of their child.

Parents always have access to the SENDCO through a school email address and phone.

The Nature of Intervention

The SENDCO and the child's class teacher will decide on the action needed to help the child progress in the light of earlier assessments. This may include: different learning materials or specialist equipment, some group or individual support, which may involve small groups of children being withdrawn to work with specified staff.

Parents will be invited to meet termly with the class teacher to discuss Individual Learning targets and the SENDCO will be available by appointment when requested.

The SENDCO will support further assessment of the child where necessary, assisting in planning for their future needs in discussion with colleagues and parents.

The use of outside agencies

These services will be involved if the child has a registered disability and may become involved if a child continues to make little or no progress with learning despite considerable input and adaptations. They will use the child's records in order to establish which strategies have already been employed and which targets have previously been set. The external specialist may act in an advisory capacity, or provide additional specialist assessment or be involved in teaching the child directly. The child's individual targets will set out strategies for supporting the child's progress. These will be implemented, at least in part, in the normal classroom setting. The delivery of the interventions recorded on the Provision Map continues to be the responsibility of the class teacher.

Outside agencies may become involved if the child:

- Continues to make little or no progress in specific areas over a long period.
- Continues working at National Curriculum levels substantially below that expected of children of a similar age.
- Continues to have difficulty in developing literacy and mathematical skills.
- Has emotional or behavioural difficulties which regularly and substantially interfere with the child's own learning or that of the class group.
- Has sensory or physical needs and requires additional specialist equipment or regular advice or visits by a specialist service.
- Has on-going communication or interaction difficulties that impede the development of social relationships and cause substantial barriers to learning.
- Despite having received intervention, the child continues to fall behind the level of his peers.

School Request for Statutory Assessment or Education Health and Care Plans (from September 2014)

A request will be made by the school to the LEA if the child has demonstrated significant cause for concern. The LEA will be given information about the child's progress over time, and will also receive documentation in relation to the child's special educational needs and any other action taken to deal with those needs, including any resources or special arrangements put in place.

The evidence will include:

- Previous individual school support plans and targets for the pupil.
- Records of regular reviews and their outcomes.
- Records of the child's health and medical history where appropriate.
- National Curriculum attainment levels in literacy and numeracy.
- Education and other assessments, for example from an advisory specialist support teacher or educational psychologist.

Views of the parents.

The parents of any child who is referred for statutory assessment will be kept fully informed of the progress of the referral. Children with a statement of special educational needs will be reviewed each half term in addition to the statutory annual assessment. When this coincides with transfer to secondary school, the SENCO from the secondary school will be informed of the outcome of the review.

Provision Map

Strategies employed to enable the child to progress will be recorded within the school's Provision Map which will include information about:

- The short term targets set for the child.
- The teaching strategies to be used.
- The provision to be put in place.
- How the targets will help the child in their learning.
- How the child can be successful.
- The review date and review.
- The child's views will be sought and taken into account, as will those of the parents, whose support is vital if progress is to be achieved and maintained.

Access to the Curriculum

All children have an entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum, which is differentiated to enable children to understand the relevance and purpose of learning activities and experience levels of understanding and rates of progress that bring feelings of success and achievement. Teachers use a range of strategies to meet children's special educational needs. Lessons have clear learning objectives and staff differentiate work appropriately, and use assessment to inform the next stage of learning. All staff have received training on 'Teaching and Learning styles' and brain friendly learning and this has led to members of staff planning lessons that incorporate the different learning styles. Children are identified on short term lesson plans and their specific learning needs noted.

We support children in a manner that acknowledges their entitlement to share the same learning experiences that their peers enjoy. Wherever possible, we do not withdraw children from the classroom situation. There are times though when, to maximise learning, we ask the children to work in small groups, or in a one-to-one situation outside the classroom. These groups are usually for a set period whilst taking part in the intervention strategy such as Every Child a Reader (ECR), Better Reading Partners (BRP), Every Child a Counter (ECC), Precision Teaching, Talking Partners, Listening Skills, Cool Kids, Dough Gym, Play therapy, Circle of Friends etc.

Allocation of resources

The SENDCO is responsible for the operational management of the specified and agreed resourcing for special needs provision within the school, including the provision for children with statements of special educational needs and Education Health and Care plans. The head teacher informs the governing body of how the funding allocated to support special educational needs has been employed.

The role of the governing body

The governing body challenges the school and its members to secure necessary provision for any pupil identified as having special educational needs. They ask probing questions to ensure all teachers are aware of the importance of providing for these children and ensure that funds and resources are used effectively. The governing body has decided that children with special educational needs will be admitted to the school in line with the school's agreed admissions policy. The Governing Body reviews this policy annually and considers any amendments in light of the annual review findings. The Head teacher reports the outcome of the review to the full governing body.

Monitoring and evaluation

The SENDCO monitors the movement of children within the SEND system in school and provides staff and governors with regular summaries of the impact of the policy on the practice of the school. They are involved in supporting teachers with setting targets for children. The SENDCO and the head teacher hold regular meetings to review the work of the school in this area. In addition the SENDCO and the named governor with responsibility for special needs also hold regular meetings.

Re-written September 2014 in line with the July 2014 Special Educational Needs and Disability: 0 to 25 Statutory Guidance

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